Textbook Alignment to the Utah Core – 6th Grade Mathematics

This alignment has been completed using an "I (<u>www.schools.utah.gov/curr/imc/</u>	Independent Alignment Vendor" from t <u>(indvendor.html</u> .) Yes No		
Name of Company and Individual Conducting Alignment:			
A "Credential Sheet" has been completed on the above company	v/evaluator and is (Please check one of the	following):	
☐ On record with the USOE.			
☐ The "Credential Sheet" is attached to this alignment.			
Instructional Materials Evaluation Criteria (name and grade of	the core document used to align): 6 th (Grade Mathematics Core Cu	rriculum
Title:	ISBN#:		<u> </u>
Publisher:			
Overall percentage of coverage in the Student Edition (SE) and T	Seacher Edition (TE) of the Utah State	Core Curriculum:	<u>%</u>
Overall percentage of coverage in ancillary materials of the Utah	Core Curriculum:		
STANDARD I: Students will expand number sense to include open	rations with rational numbers.		
Percentage of coverage in the student and teacher edition for Standard I:	Percentage of coverage not in stude the ancillary material for Standard		vered in
Objectives & Indicators	Coverage in Student Edition(SE) and Teacher Edition (TE) (pg #'s, etc.)	Coverage in Ancillary Material (titles, pg #'s, etc.)	Not covered in TE, SE or ancillaries ✓

Objec	tive 1.1: Represent rational numbers in a variety of ways.	
a.	Recognize a rational number as a ratio of two integers, a to b, where b is not equal to zero.	
b.	Change whole numbers with exponents to standard form (e.g., $2^4 = 16$) and recognize that any non-zero whole number to the zero power equals 1 (e.g., $9^0 = 1$).	
c.	Write a whole number in expanded form using exponents (e.g., $876,539 = 8 \times 10^5 + 7 \times 10^4 + 6 \times 10^3 + 5 \times 10^2 + 3 \times 10^1 + 9 \times 10^0$).	
d.	Express numbers in scientific notation using positive powers of ten.	
	tive 1.2: Explain relationships and equivalencies among al numbers.	
a.	Place rational numbers on the number line.	
b.	Compare and order rational numbers, including positive and negative mixed fractions and decimals, using a variety of methods and symbols, including the number line and finding common denominators.	
c.	Find equivalent forms for common fractions, decimals, percents, and ratios, including repeating or terminating decimals.	
d.	Relate percents less than 1% or greater than 100% to equivalent fractions, decimals, whole numbers, and mixed numbers.	
e.	Recognize that the sum of an integer and its additive inverse is zero.	

	tive 1.3: Use number theory concepts to find prime izations, least common multiples, and greatest common s.	
a.	Determine whether whole numbers to 100 are prime, composite, or neither.	
b.	Find the prime factorization of composite numbers to 100.	
c.	Find the greatest common factor and least common multiple for two numbers using a variety of methods (e.g., list of multiples, prime factorization).	
	tive 1.4: Model and illustrate meanings of operations and be how they relate.	
a.	Relate fractions to multiplication and division and use this relationship to explain procedures for multiplying and dividing fractions.	
b.	Recognize that ratios derive from pairs of rows in the multiplication table and connect with equivalent fractions.	
c.	Give mixed number and decimal solutions to division problems with whole numbers.	
Objec	tive 1.5: Solve problems involving multiple steps.	
a.	Select appropriate methods to solve a multi-step problem involving multiplication and division of fractions and decimals.	
b.	Use estimation to determine whether results obtained using a calculator are reasonable.	

c.	Use estimation or calculation to compute results, depending			
	on the context and numbers involved in the problem.			
	Calva much laws involving notice and much ontices			
d.	Solve problems involving ratios and proportions.			
with p	tive 1.6: Demonstrate proficiency with the four operations, ositive rational numbers, and with addition and action of integers.			
a.	Multiply and divide a multi-digit number by a two-digit number, including decimals.			
b.	Add, subtract, multiply, and divide fractions and mixed numbers.			
c.	Add and subtract integers.			
	OARD II: Students will use patterns, relations, and algebraic onships.	expressions to represent and analyze	mathematical problems and	number
	ntage of coverage in the <i>student and teacher edition</i> for ard II:%	Percentage of coverage not in student or teacher edition, but covered in the ancillary material for Standard II:%		
Овјес	CTIVES & INDICATORS	Coverage in Student Edition(SE) and Teacher Edition (TE) (pg #'s, etc.)	Coverage in Ancillary Material (titles, pg #'s, etc.)	Not covered in TE, SE or ancillaries ✓
Objective 2.1: Analyze algebraic expressions, tables, and graphs to determine patterns, relations, and rules.				
a.	Describe simple relationships by creating and analyzing tables, equations, and expressions.			
b.	Draw a graph and write an equation from a table of values.			

c.	Draw a graph and create a table of values from an equation.			
expres	tive 2.2: Write, interpret, and use mathematical sions, equations, and formulas to represent and solve ems that correspond to given situations.			
a.	Solve single variable linear equations using a variety of strategies.			
b.	Recognize that expressions in different forms can be equivalent and rewrite an expression to represent a quantity in a different way.			
c.	Evaluate and simplify expressions and formulas, substituting given values for the variables (e.g., $2x + 4$; $x = 2$; therefore, $2(2) + 4 = 8$).			
STANI	ARD III: Students will use spatial and logical reasoning to r	ecognize, describe, and analyze geom	netric shapes and principles.	
	ntage of coverage in the student and teacher edition for ard III:%	Percentage of coverage not in stude the ancillary material for Standard		ered in
Овјес	TIVES & INDICATORS	Coverage in Student Edition(SE) and Teacher Edition (TE) (pg #'s, etc.)	Coverage in Ancillary Material (titles, pg #'s, etc.)	Not covered in TE, SE or ancillaries ✓
•	tive 3.1: Identify and analyze attributes and properties of tric shapes to solve problems.			
a.	Identify the midpoint of a line segment and the center and circumference of a circle.			
b.	Identify angles as vertical, adjacent, complementary, or supplementary and provide descriptions of these terms.			
c.	Develop and use the properties of complementary and			

	supplementary angles and the sum of the angles of a triangle to solve problems involving an unknown angle in a triangle or quadrilateral.			
	tive 3.2: Visualize and identify geometric shapes aftering transformations on a coordinate plane.			
a.	Rotate a polygon about the origin by a multiple of 90° and identify the location of the new vertices.			
b.	Translate a polygon either horizontally or vertically on a coordinate grid and identify the location of the new vertices.			
c.	Reflect a polygon across either the x- or y-axis and identify the location of the new vertices.			
STANI	OARD IV: Students will understand and apply measurement	tools and techniques and find the cir	cumference and area of a cir	cle.
	ntage of coverage in the <i>student and teacher edition</i> for ard IV:%	Percentage of coverage not in stude the ancillary material for Standard		vered in
Stand				Not covered in TE, SE or ancillaries
Stand Object	ard IV:% CTIVES & INDICATORS tive 4.1: Describe and find the circumference and area of a	the ancillary material for Standard Coverage in Student Edition(SE) and	IV:% Coverage in Ancillary Material	Not covered in TE, SE or
Object Object	ard IV:% CTIVES & INDICATORS tive 4.1: Describe and find the circumference and area of a	the ancillary material for Standard Coverage in Student Edition(SE) and	IV:% Coverage in Ancillary Material	Not covered in TE, SE or
OBJEC Objec circle.	extricted & Indicators tive 4.1: Describe and find the circumference and area of a Explore the relationship between the radius and diameter of a circle to the circle's circumference to develop the formula	the ancillary material for Standard Coverage in Student Edition(SE) and	IV:% Coverage in Ancillary Material	Not covered in TE, SE or

d.	Decompose a circle into a number of wedges and rearrange			
	the wedges into a shape that approximates a parallelogram to			
	develop the formula for the area of a circle.			
	1			
e.	Find the area of a circle using a formula.			
•	tive 4.2: Identify and describe measurable attributes of			
object	s and units of measurement, and solve problems involving			
measu	rement.			
a.	Recognize that measurements are approximations and			
	describe how the size of the unit used in measuring affects			
	the precision.			
	r			
b.	Convert units of measurement within the metric system and			
	convert units of measurement within the customary system.			
	on the discontinuity by seems			
c.	Compare a meter to a yard, a liter to a quart, and a kilometer			
	to a mile.			
d.	Determine when it is appropriate to estimate or use precise			
u.	measurement when solving problems.			
	measurement when solving problems.			
e.	Derive and use the formula to determine the surface area and			
C.	volume of a cylinder.			
	volume of a cymider.			
STANI	OARD V: Students will analyze, draw conclusions, and make	nucliations based upon data and ann	ly basia cancents of puobabil	<u> </u>
SIANI	DARD V. Students will analyze, draw conclusions, and make	predictions based upon data and app	ly basic concepts of probabil	ity.
Donas	atago of acceptage in the student and together edition for	Donasntage of sevenege not in stude	nt an tagahan adition, but acr	ranad in
	ntage of coverage in the <i>student and teacher edition</i> for	Percentage of coverage not in stude		ereu III
Stand	ard V:%	the ancillary material for Standard	V:%	
			1	Not covered
	CTIVES & INDICATORS	Coverage in Student Edition(SE) and	Coverage in Ancillary Material	in TE, SE or
ORIEC	TIVES & INDICATORS	Teacher Edition (TE) (pg #'s, etc.)	(titles, pg #'s, etc.)	ancillaries 🗸

	ojective 5.1: Design investigations to reach conclusions ing statistical methods to make inferences based on data.	
a.	Design investigations to answer questions.	
b.	Extend data display and comparisons to include scatter plots and circle graphs.	
c.	Compare two similar sets of data on the same graph and compare two graphs representing the same set of data.	
d.	Recognize that changing the scale influences the appearance of a display of data.	
e.	Propose and justify inferences and predictions based on data.	
Object	tive 5.2: Apply basic concepts of probability and justify mes.	
a.	Write the results of a probability experiment as a fraction between zero and one, or an equivalent percent.	
b.	Compare experimental results with theoretical results (e.g., experimental: 7 out of 10 tails; whereas, theoretical 5 out of 10 tails).	
c.	Compare individual, small group, and large group results of a probability experiment in order to more accurately estimate the actual probabilities.	